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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/784,906	02/23/2004	Hugo X. Gonzalez	SPIRTN.017C1	6137
20995	7590 12/14/2005		EXAMINER	
KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP 2040 MAIN STREET			FOREMAN, JONATHAN M	
FOURTEENTH FLOOR IRVINE, CA 92614			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3736	

DATE MAILED: 12/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

4		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/784,906	GONZALEZ, HUGO X.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jonathan ML Foreman	3736
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This  3) Since this application is in condition for allowate closed in accordance with the practice under the properties of Claims.	s action is non-final. Ince except for formal matters, pr	
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application	1	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc  Applicant may not request that any objection to the  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is old	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applica Ority documents have been receiv Bau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/2/04.	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [ 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed 7/2/04 complies with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609. It has been placed in the application file, and the information referred to therein has been considered by the examiner as to the merits.

# Specification

1.	The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the reference to the
prior a	pplication(s) from which benefit of priority is claimed fails to include the status of the parent
applica	tion(s). The following format is suggested: "This is a continuation (continuation-in-part or
divisio	n) of Application No, filed, now (abandoned, pending or U.S. Patent
No	)." Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 2, 6 8 and 10 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 3,889,657 to Baumgarten.

In regards to claims 1, 2, 6 - 8 and 10, Baumgarten discloses a device (Figure 2) including an elongate body (7) having a proximal end, a distal end, and a lumen therethrough; a head (1, 2, 4) disposed at the distal end of the elongate body and having a lumen therethrough in communication with the elongate body lumen (Col. 3, line 5); a collection bag (16) configured to be disposed in the elongate body, the collection bag having a distal end (18) open to receive a body tissue sample, and

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further configured with vacuum apertures to allow a vacuum to be drawn through the bag; a source of vacuum in selective communication with the proximal end of the elongate body (Col. 2, lines 36 -37); and wherein the head is configured to selectively allow the tissue sample to be drawn into the elongate body and into the collection bag in that the head can be selectively positioned and agitated by a practitioner (Col. 2, lines 62 - 67). The head is capable of engaging and maintaining the position of a sample before, during and after resection. The collection bag is disposed adjacent the head and the distal end of the bag is secured to the head (Col. 3, lines 6 - 22). The collection bag is formed of a biocompatible material (Col. 3, lines 47 – 50; lines 63 – 66). The lumen extending through the head has an adjustable diameter (Col. 4, lines 12 - 16) in that when the tube is bent the diameter is reduced It is well established that a recitation with respect to the manner in which an apparatus is intended to be employed, i.e., a functional limitation, does not impose any structural limitation upon the claimed apparatus which differentiates it from a prior art reference disclosing the structural limitations of the claim. In re Pearson, 494 F.2d 1399, 181 USPQ 641 (CCPA 1974); In re Casey, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967); In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458 (CCPA 1963). Where the prior art reference is inherently capable of performing the function described in a functional limitation, such functional limitation does not define the claimed apparatus over such prior art reference, regardless of whether the prior art reference explicitly discusses such capacity for performing the recited function. In re Ludtke, 441 F.2d 660, 169 USPQ 563 (CCPA 1971). In addition, where there is reason to believe that such functional limitation may be an inherent characteristic of the prior art reference, Applicant is required to prove that the subject matter shown in the prior art reference does not possess the characteristic relied upon. In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 15 USPQ2d 1655 (Fed. Cir. 1990); In re King, 801 F.2d 1324, 1327, 231 USPQ 136, 138 (Fed. Cir. 1986); In re Ludtke, 441 F.2d 664, 169 USPQ 566 (CCPA 1971).

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4. Claims 1 – 8 and 10 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5,197,485 to Grooters.

In regards to claims 1 – 8 and 10, Grooters discloses a device (Figure 2) including an elongate body (24) having a proximal end, a distal end, and a lumen therethrough; a head (12, 14) disposed at the distal end of the elongate body and having a lumen therethrough in communication with the elongate body lumen; a biocompatible collection bag (26) configured to be disposed in the elongate body, the collection bag having a distal end (26b) open to receive a body tissue sample (Col. 4, lines 18 – 21), and further configured with vacuum apertures (Col. 4, lines 21 – 22) to allow a vacuum to be drawn through the bag; a source of vacuum in selective communication with the proximal end of the elongate body (Col. 4, lines 33 – 34); and wherein the head is configured to selectively allow the tissue sample to be drawn into the elongate body (Col. 4, lines 50 - 55). The head is capable of engaging and maintaining the position of a sample before, during and after resection. The head is configured with a separator (16) that separates the interior of the head from the interior of the elongate body to inhibit the tissue sample from being drawn into the elongate body. The separator provides a region of decreased diameter (16c) between the head and the interior of the elongate body (Col. 3, lines 61 - 63) and is selectively activated (Col. 3, line 67 - Col. 4, line 10; lines 50 - 52). The collection bag is disposed adjacent the head and the distal end of the bag is secured to the head (Col. 4, lines 21 - 25).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary

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skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 3,889,657 to Baumgarten as applied to claim 8 above.

In regards to claim 9, Baumgarten discloses the collection bag being formed of a polymeric material (Col. 3, lines 47 – 50), but fails to disclose the bag being formed of silicone. However, the selection of a known material based upon its suitability for the intended use is a design consideration within the skill of the art. *In re Leshin*, 227 F.2d 197, 125 USPQ 416 (CCPA 1960). In the present case it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to form the bag as disclosed by Baumgarten with silicone because silicone is a polymer commonly used in medical devices and known for its suitability within medical devices.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jonathan ML Foreman whose telephone number is (571)272-4724. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:00 am - 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Max Hindenburg can be reached on (571)272-4726. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

IMLF